

# A. ON THE BACK OF THE VEHICLE

# A1. Rear wheel



A1.1 Must be aligned with the longitudinal axe

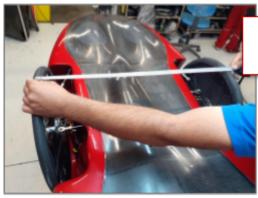


A1.2 Has to be correctly positioned in the middle of the wheel arch



A1.3 The wheel arch must not rub against the spokes or the cassette

# A2. Axe length (tolerance: ±5mm)



Between wheels: 678mm

Bar length: 570mm





A4. Horn





# **B. VELOMOBILE STRAIGHT, ON SUPPORT**

# Remove front wheels!

# B1. Rod ends







B1.1 The rod ends bearings have to be firmly locked with their nuts.

Ceramic paste have to be applied.



B1.2 M6 screws must be tightened and Loctite applied



B1.3 All rod end must be straight

# B2. Trailing arm (safety relevant)



B2.1 Must be tightened enough to not deform the wall.



B2.2 Check that the inner nut is light tightened

# **B3.** Front suspension



B2.3 The top screw has to be good tightened.



# B4. Tyres

#### Deflate first!



B4.1 Get off the stickers, if present.



**B4.2 Check valve** 



B4.3 The jacket must not have transport damage



B4.4 The inner tube must not be jammed



B4.5 ... twisted or crammed



B4.6 Double layer rim tape properly centered

# B5. Wheel covers



Check uniform gluing by measuring thickness in several points of wheel

Inflate tyres with the right pressure given by the producer!

Mount the tyres respecting the rotation!

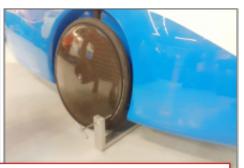


# C. ON THE WHEELS

# C1. Axe measurement







Use a tool as in the picture.

The width on front of the axe must be less than the rear one with up to 3 mm.

# C2. Rear wheel



C2.1 Check rotation direction



C2.2 Check that wheel hasn't play



C2.3 Check the bearing of the wheel. When spinned, before spin stop, the wheel must turn back a bit.



C2.4 Push the body of the vehicle to check that the suspension has not jump.



C2.5 The suspension has two nuts, secured with Loctite.



C2.6 The rear wheel must be perfectly vertiqual.



# C3. Brakes







C3.2 With the stationary brake on, check both sides. Raise the vehicle on each part pushing down on the wheel to see if the brake keeps resistance.







C3.3 The lever / levers must function gradually.

After released, it / they should go back.

The stationary brake have to be handled with ease.

# C4. Steering





and moves easily



Cardan steering adjustment video



C4.2b Tank-steering: has no play and moves easily



# C5. Front wheels





C5.1 Check the correct alignment to the body, respective to the tyre type.



C5.2 Wheels spin easy, with no resistance





C5.3 Wheel must be correctly centered into the wheel arch. Verify on the horizontal line, several pairs of points.



C5.4 Pull to the sides to check play in the suspension or rod bar ends





C5.5 Wheel covers must be centered correctly, with no carbon fibre errors. Neat margins with no waves (uniform adhesive)



C5.6 Spoke tension to be checked manually



C5.7 Must be straight. Tolerance: 1 mm



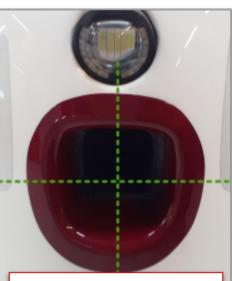
# C6. Air intake and tube



C6.1 Air intake must be well glued, no spaces.



C6.2 The tube should be centered in the bridge and all space in between must be filled with Sikaflex



C6.3 The opening into the body has to be well centered and stickers to be symmetric. Light support in horizontal position.

# C7. Tubes and cables



Chain tubes have to be tied with clamps





C7.2 Clamps on the steering neat cut to not scratch cyclist's feet.



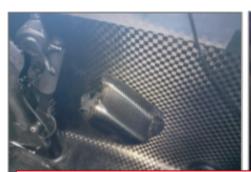
# C8. Gluing



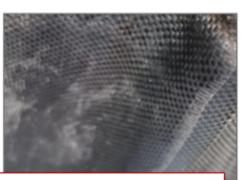


on the wall

C9. Internal surfaces







Must be clean, neat and without spray paint surfaces. Abrais strip marks good position. No white marks in resin.

# C10. Rear derailleur

# C10.1 All gears should work correctly



C10.2 The end stops must be set (safety relevant).



C10.3 The derailleur and the idler should be vertically aligned with the 5'th sheet.



C10.4 The idler should be straight and not rub



# C11. Rear swing arm



C11.1 Is free of play

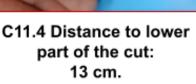


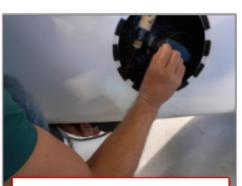
C11.2 The screw of the bearing must be fixed and have Loctite.
Checklabel should be present.



C11.3 The cable must be tighten with velcro







C11.5 When rear wheel is shaked, the axe has no play.

# C12. Pedal support



The 4xM6 screws of the bottom bracket slide should be tightened

# C13. Crank







Crank screws must be tightened, with no space between crank and support



# C14. Chain and idler

C14.1 Must be lubricated.

C14.2 ... not twisted



C14.3 Under the idler, maximum 3 mm to the floor.



C14.4 Check correct spin of idler



C14.5 Check presence of band inside idler

# C15. Tacho

The speedometer must be correctly set and should work properly, according to:

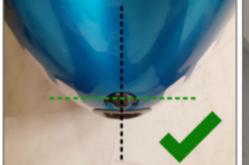
Schwalbe Durano	146
Schwalbe Kojak	149
Schwalbe Shredda	156
Schwalbe Pro One	144
Continental Speed Contact	145

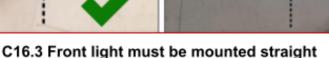
# C16. Electrics

C16.1 All the electrics have to work.

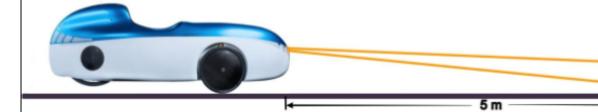


C16.2 The leds must fit their cutouts in the body, with no glue excess.





C16.4 The front light is correctly adjusted when the light is pointing slightly downwards but almost parallel to the road. On 5 m distance the light should flare in between the road and 30 cm of height.



30-40 cm



#### C17. Balance



C17.1 The vehicle must be straight

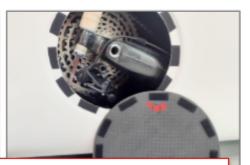


C17.2 The bridge must be correctly centered

# C18. Outside look







C18.1 The covers should be stepped correctly and aligned with their space in the housing and velcro correctly glued. Check the TOP is well established (on the side where the most raised area of cover is)







C18.2 Texts, stickers, reflectives to be correctly glued





C18.3 Lift handle: perfectly round, neat and clean (without paint inside)

# C19. For delivery

The charger and battery have to be included. Also the cleats.



#### D. TEST DRIVE

### D1. Steering







The vehicle must go straight.

Drive on a flat road (watch out that most of the roads are tilting to the right).

First check if the steering is free and without resistance or play.

After it, try to find a straight line and hold the steering like in picture 3.

If is tank steering, these must be even in straight driving.

Check if the velomobile keeps going straight.

# D2. Brakes

#### Safety relevant!

The vehicle must not pull left or right side when using the brakes.

The brake cables should be tight enough. (brake reserve?)

#### D3. Rear wheel

Search for a wider space where you have good asfalt. Make on speed 2-3 full circles to the left and keep on pedaling and 2-3 circles to right and keep pedaling. Listen if you can hear dragging noises.

#### D4. Gear shift

All gears should shift correctly.

# D5. Safety

#### Safety relevant!

When applying the brakes at full load the cables must not slip.

#### D6. Abnormalities

Any noticeable noise must be observed and any other problem.